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## Exercise 10.1

## Problems in the Pay System*

## Overview

Chapter 10 discusses the importance of internal and external equity in structuring an effective pay program. This exercise describes a situation in which perceived inequities exist and the organization is already realizing the effects of these perceptions.

## Learning Objectives

After completing the exercise, you should be able to

1. Determine the critical variables that must be considered in assessing the fairness of a pay system.
2. Assess the weights to be given to data related to internal and external equity.
3. Develop a system that can more closely monitor the effects of pay on critical personnel data.

## Procedure

## Part A: Individual Analysis

After reading the chapter and before class, read the scenario and all exhibits and then answer the questions on Form 10.1.1.

## Part B: Group Analysis

In groups of about six, students should first review all of their respective Forms 10.1.1 and then attempt to reach consensus on the questions. The group should prepare a concise, written response to each of the questions on Form 10.1.1.

## Scenario

Denise Nance is the director of the Computer Center/User Assistance (CCUA) department of a large manufacturing company in the rural Southeast. Last year's revenue was $\$ 23.5$ million. Profit was in line with expectations.

Recently, a serious problem has developed in her division. A growing percentage of her employees have left the company in the past year, which has affected unit productivity and costs. While turnover in her department has always been a problem, things appear to have gotten out of hand. Until now, turnover had run around 20 percent per year for lower division staff personnel and 15 percent per year for middle division employees.

However, in the past three months, CCUA has lost five data processors ( 50 percent of the total) and six (75 percent) computer analysts. Previously, Ms. Nance had no policy regarding exit interviews or turnover control, but informal discussions with the individuals who
have left has led to the hypothesis that many employees leave because they feel they are underpaid.

To complicate matters, Ms. Nance's supervisor, Julie Linquist, the vice president in charge of technical services, is becoming increasingly concerned about the costs associated with the human resource function at CCUA. Exhibit 10.1.1 presents a recent memo from Ms. Linquist to Ms. Nance concerning the problem.

Following Ms. Linquist's orders, Ms. Nance conducted phone interviews with 12 former employees (the only ones available) and distributed questionnaires to her current workforce.

The survey results indicated a number of interesting findings, which are summarized in Exhibit 10.1.2. The dominant reason for individuals leaving CCUA was pay. The current workforce also indicated strong dissatisfaction with current pay levels. Although the survey was not limited to data processing IIs and computer analyst Is, both Ms. Nance and Ms. Linquist believe that these two positions are of particular concern. Responses from both current and past employees from both job classifications were similar to those of the entire sample.

The data processor II position currently carries a salary range of $\$ 11.00$ to $\$ 12.70$ per hour. The average actual pay of the seven incumbents is $\$ 12$ per hour ( $\$ 24,960$ per year based on their 40-hour workweek). In addition, employees receive 40 hours of paid leave for the first year with an increase of 5 hours every 1,000 hours of service. Health insurance plus basic life insurance are provided by the company at a cost of $\$ 950$ per year per employee. CCUA usually employs 10 DP IIs, but the current level is only 7.

The computer analyst I position currently carries a salary range of $\$ 25,500$ to $\$ 32,500$. The average actual salary paid to the eight incumbents is $\$ 31,500$. Paid leave for CA IIs is 9 days for the first year of service increasing by 2 days for every following year with a limit of 21 days of paid leave. Health and life insurance coverage costs the company $\$ 950$ per year per employee.

Recruitment costs for data processor IIs is $\$ 450$ and $\$ 850$ for computer analyst Is. Costs are low for the DP IIs because they have been obtained, primarily, from the local marketplace. Entry-level individuals are hired 75 percent of the time and the organization spends considerable resources to train them. By contrast, the computer analysts are recruited from the regional market. Prime candidates typically possess either considerable experience in a similar position or a college degree in information systems management with light, but related, part-time (or summer) work experience.

Ms. Nance budgets $\$ 255,490$ for data processing IIs and $\$ 293,984$ for computer analysts. The company is in

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the sixth month of its fiscal year. During this fiscal year, the CCUA department has been using a 3.5 percent salary increase budget to reward its performers and to keep pace with the marketplace.

Ms. Nance obtained a pay survey conducted by Decision Sciences, Inc., a reputable, information systems consulting firm. The data are depicted in Exhibit 10.1.3.

A compensation analyst at DSI has suggested that, based on the verbal descriptions provided by Ms. Nance, the data processor II position would probably most closely match the survey's "data processor" position, while CCUA's computer analyst I job is most comparable with the survey's "junior analyst and programmer" position.

## EXHIBIT 10.1.1

```
To: Denise Nance, Director of CCUA
From: Julie Linquist, Vice President Technical Services
Re: Personnel Problems
```

I don't know what's going on down there but Jon Anderson of placement services just informed me that
you requested another listing for a data processing person and another computer analyst. According
to my records, that's the fifth DP person and the sixth computer analyst you have lost this year! It
costs a lot of money to hire new people. This is obviously not the pattern that $I$ want to see from
your department. I want you to investigate this immediately.
I want you to contact the individuals who you lost and find out why they left. I also want you to
talk to the employees who are still there and find what, if anything, could potentially be causing
the problem. Let's get this problem cleared up now.

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## EXHIBIT 10.1.2

SURVEY RESULTS

All items scaled 1 (satisfied) to 5 (dissatisfied).

| Current Employees | Mean | SD |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Supervision | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| Working conditions | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| Task characteristics | 3.0 | 2.1 |
| Pay | 4.2 | 0.5 |
| Benefits | 4.3 | 1.1 |
| Work hours | 3.1 | .9 |
| Physical conditions | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| General satisfaction | 3.9 | 0.7 |
| Employees Who Left | Mean | SD |
| Supervision | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Working conditions | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| Task characteristics | 3.7 | 2.0 |
| Pay | 4.8 | 1.1 |
| Benefits | 4.5 | 0.6 |
| Work hours | 3.0 | 2.0 |
| Physical conditions | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| General satisfaction | 4.2 | 1.2 |
| Reasons for leaving: |  |  |
| $\quad$ Not enough money | $83.3 \%$ |  |
| Spouse left area | $8.3 \%$ |  |
| Child care problems | $8.3 \%$ |  |


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EXHIBIT 10.1.3
EXCERPT FROM DECISION SCIENCES

| Title | Average Weighted Salary | Mfg/ Consumer | Mfg/ Industrial | Banking | Other <br> Financial Services | DP <br> Services | Wholesale Distribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IS Management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CIO/VP | 106,864 | 128,611 | 100,741 | 124,318 | 109,130 | 157,500 | 130,000 |
| Manager/supervisor | 65,811 | 83,333 | 74,821 | 76,500 | 67,143 | 60,000 | 57,143 |
| End-User Support |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manager end-user computing | 56,808 | 74,167 | 62,667 | 57,500 | 58,500 | 55,000 | 48,750 |
| Information center manager | 54,346 | 56,667 | 60,833 | 56,818 | 53,500 | 63,333 | 49,000 |
| PC specialist support | 38,058 | 40,000 | 48,077 | 39,211 | 36,250 | 37,000 | 38,636 |
| LAN manager | 45,880 | 55,000 | 52,857 | 46,000 | 46,000 | 52,000 | 52,000 |
| WP supervisor | 36,538 | 55,000 | 42,500 | 32,600 | 34,000 | 40,000 | 34,000 |
| Systems Analysis/Programming |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manager | 65,357 | 83,182 | 63,913 | 68,611 | 64,286 | 66,364 | 72,000 |
| Senior systems analyst and programmer | 50,345 | 50,714 | 53,333 | 52,143 | 51,471 | 56,250 | 52,000 |
| Systems analyst and programmer | 43,220 | 44,000 | 43,462 | 45,250 | 42,647 | 48,750 | 60,455 |
| Intermediate analyst and programmer | 37,517 | 40,000 | 38,571 | 37,750 | 38,000 | 38,125 | 40,000 |
| Junior analyst and programmer | 35,156 | 33,750 | 40,714 | 35,000 | 32,143 | 37,500 | 32,875 |
| Application/Operating Systems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Programming Manager | 64,481 | 79,000 | 67,667 | 68,529 | 71,765 | 68,750 | 66,667 |
| Senior applications/operating sys. prog. | 52,434 | 55,000 | 55,938 | 52,353 | 56,000 | 55,000 | 53,125 |
| Applications/operating sys. prog. | 44,419 | 48,571 | 46,250 | 46,176 | 46,563 | 46,429 | 40,000 |
| Intermediate applications/operating sys. prog. | 37,150 | 42,500 | 40,000 | 35,000 | 38,636 | 35,000 | 37,500 |
| Junior applications/operating sys. prog. | 29,709 | 30,000 | 32,500 | 29,615 | 30,455 | 30,000 | 28,750 |
| Data Com/Telecom/Connectivity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Network manager (LAN-WAN) | 57,546 | 63,750 | 59,643 | 59,643 | 72,500 | 57,222 | 58,333 |
| Telecommunications manager | 57,136 | 58,750 | 66,111 | 59,231 | 67,500 | 63,125 | 60,000 |
| Communications specialist | 42,276 | 37,000 | 43,000 | 41,667 | 46,818 | 40,000 | 43,750 |
| Database manager/administrator | 61,077 | 71,000 | 60,500 | 64,643 | 70,385 | 52,500 | 62,000 |
| Database analyst | 48,194 | 52,000 | 55,000 | 46,000 | 51,250 | 42,500 | 47,500 |
| Microcomputer/workstation manager | 44,500 | 35,000 | 55,000 | 46,818 | 43,750 | 47,500 | 43,750 |
| Data processor | 27,500 | 26,000 | 29,000 | 28,000 | 26,500 | 26,000 | 27,000 |


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Exercise 10.1 Problems in the Pay System

## EXHIBIT 10.1.3 (Continued)

| Government | Medical/ <br> Legal | Trans./ <br> Utilities | Education | Construction/ Mining | Other | Average Salary by Company Revenue (\$ Million) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Less than } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200- \\ \$ 499 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500- \\ & \$ 4,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5,000- \\ & \$ 19,999 \end{aligned}$ | \$20,000+ |
| 71,731 | 64,500 | 114,167 | 103,571 | 76,667 | 101,600 | 82,292 | 84,697 | 104,844 | 128,780 | 129,700 |
| 51,739 | 42,500 | 66,667 | 51,250 | 52,000 | 65,104 | 50,204 | 61,094 | 68,534 | 75,811 | 73,269 |
| 53,750 | - | 63,462 | 49,000 | 43,750 | 54,310 | 47,200 | 46,667 | 58,871 | 62,593 | 60,857 |
| 47,500 | 40,000 | 61,364 | 46,000 | - | 51,500 | 43,529 | 46,250 | 56,957 | 60,741 | 56,071 |
| 30,455 | 27,143 | 41,071 | 31,429 | 30,000 | 38,250 | 36,053 | 31,600 | 39,405 | 40,429 | 40,833 |
| 42,500 | 40,000 | 44,500 | 34,000 | 40,000 | 45,833 | 42,368 | 46,667 | 48,519 | 46,250 | 46,172 |
| 36,667 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 38,846 | 32,500 | 40,000 | 36,667 | 38,235 | 37,000 |
| 55,294 | 40,000 | 67,105 | 50,000 | 62,500 | 65,814 | 58,958 | 53,421 | 65,288 | 71,216 | 68,261 |
| 45,926 | 40,000 | 52,750 | 40,000 | 46,000 | 49,375 | 46,935 | 46,250 | 49,500 | 53,784 | 52,843 |
| 38,571 | 35,000 | 42,727 | 32,500 | 40,000 | 41,667 | 45,000 | 39,464 | 42,750 | 43,663 | 44,692 |
| 31,316 | 25,000 | 39,000 | 32,500 | 40,000 | 38,448 | 35,000 | 38,333 | 38,256 | 36,250 | 38,500 |
| 32,500 | 30,000 | 40,313 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 33,913 | 37,500 | 36,000 | 33,529 | 33,750 | 36,667 |
| 53,333 | 47,500 | 66,875 | 47,500 | 62,500 | 62,027 | 51,667 | 51,250 | 66,395 | 70,789 | 68,889 |
| 47,105 | - | 56,875 | 45,000 | 47,500 | 50,286 | 43,947 | 46,667 | 52,391 | 55,429 | 57,206 |
| 37,500 | 40,000 | 47,000 | 36,000 | 55,000 | 43,500 | 41,500 | 37,273 | 44,390 | 45,571 | 46,562 |
| 33,571 | - | 38,846 | 32,500 | - | 36,250 | 40,000 | 30,455 | 38,448 | 35,556 | 39,444 |
| 23,125 | - | 37,273 | 25,000 | 26,000 | 26,875 | 30,000 | 26,875 | 30,192 | 29,038 | 31,176 |
| 49,231 | 47,500 | 68,750 | 40,000 | 55,000 | 60,000 | 46,154 | 61,667 | 54,630 | 80,000 | 64,500 |
| 46,429 | - | 54,231 | 43,750 | 55,000 | 55,556 | 41,538 | 48,333 | 57,000 | 82,258 | 61,852 |
| 36,786 | - | 49,000 | 36,250 | 55,000 | 41,071 | 39,000 | 33,182 | 39,189 | 45,825 | 47,857 |
| 51,786 | - | 69,000 | 55,033 | 70,000 | 55,962 | 47,778 | 51,364 | 60,000 | 66,818 | 66,765 |
| 42,143 | - | 50,000 | 40,000 | 55,000 | 46,136 | 46,000 | 46,429 | 46,207 | 48,500 | 50,781 |
| 43,000 | 40,000 | 47,600 | 40,000 | - | 38,848 | 35,714 | 43,750 | 45,000 | 44,412 | 47,941 |
| 25,000 | 28,000 | 25,500 | 25,000 | - | 28,000 | 25,000 | 27,000 | 28,000 | 28,500 | 29,000 |

